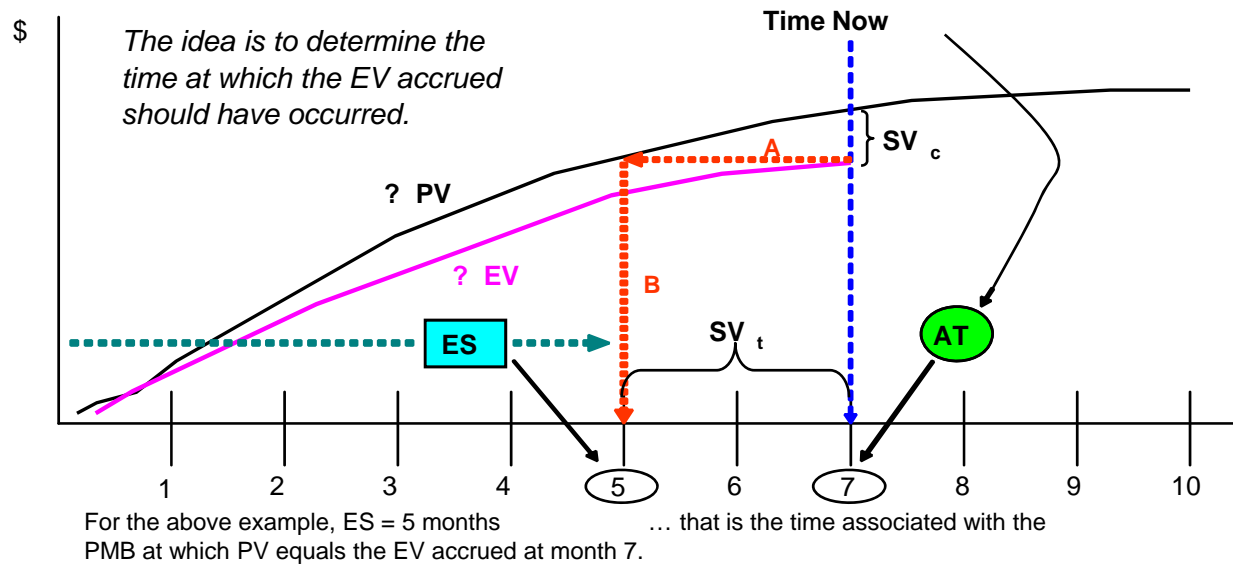


# Earned Schedule: Principles and Practice

Alex Davis  
Project Controls Manager  
Future Rapid Effects System (FRES)  
Integrated Project Team (IPT)



# Introduction

- What is Earned Schedule?
  - History and background
- What are the benefits of using Earned Schedule?
- How does Earned Schedule work?
- What are the similarities and differences between Earned Value and Earned Schedule?
- What behaviours need to be embedded in the organisation for successful Earned Schedule Implementation?
- How can Earned Schedule be integrated with other Project Management techniques?
- Sanitised examples:
  - Design and development project
  - In-service (operations) project

# Playing Devil's Advocate

- Why do I need another project management tool?
- I've already got a link between cost and schedule!
- Does this technique REALLY provide better decision making?
- I've heard this technique is used on development projects...but does it work for ongoing operations?
- Are you saying that Earned Value doesn't work!?



# So what's wrong with Earned Value, then?

- It's good as a Project management technique
  - ...however...
  - Schedule indicators are flawed for late projects
  - Extremely limited for schedule performance analysis
  - EVM practitioners pay attention to Cost – not schedule
  - EVM has, in some areas, become focused in financial management
  - Indicators are not directly connected to deliverables
  - EV is not required to be synchronous with the schedule
  - EVM does not offer management guidance for project control and schedule control

# Earned Schedule – a brief history

- The original phrase “Time is money” was first posed by Antiphon
  - Greek writer and educator
  - Around 430 BC
  - “The most costly outlay is time”
- This statement was ahead of its time!
- In 2006, Dr. Steve Gumley, CEO Defence Materiel Organisation (Australia) stated...

“We need to maintain our attention on schedule delivery. Data tells us that since July 2003, real cost increase in projects accounted for less than 3 percent of the total cost growth. ...Therefore, our problem is not cost, it is SCHEDULE.”

# Earned Schedule – a brief history

- Earned Schedule papers first published in USA – in 2003
- “Schedule is different”, Measurable News
- Concept was verified with actual project data
- Continued development from 2003 to present



# Benefits of using Earned Schedule (1)

- Converting money into time
- Connects EVM to the project schedule
- Project Managers have a schedule analysis tool that improves the confidence in forecasting delivery dates
- Improves decision making
- Adds to trend analysis
- Integrates and supports risk management activities
  - Schedule indicators are flawed for late projects
  - Extremely limited for schedule performance analysis
  - Practitioners pay attention to Cost - only
  - EVM has become focused in financial management
  - Indicators are not directly connected to deliverables
  - EV is not required to be synchronous with the schedule
  - EVM does not offer management guidance for project control

## Benefits of using Earned Schedule (2)

- ES can be applied to any level of the WBS, to include task groupings such as the Critical Path
  - Requires creating PMB for the area of interest
  - EV for the area of interest is used to determine its ES
- Enables comparison of forecasts, total project duration (TP) to Critical Path (CP) duration
  - Desired result: forecasts are equal
  - When TP forecast  $>$  CP forecast, CP has changed
  - When CP  $>$  TP, possibility of future problems



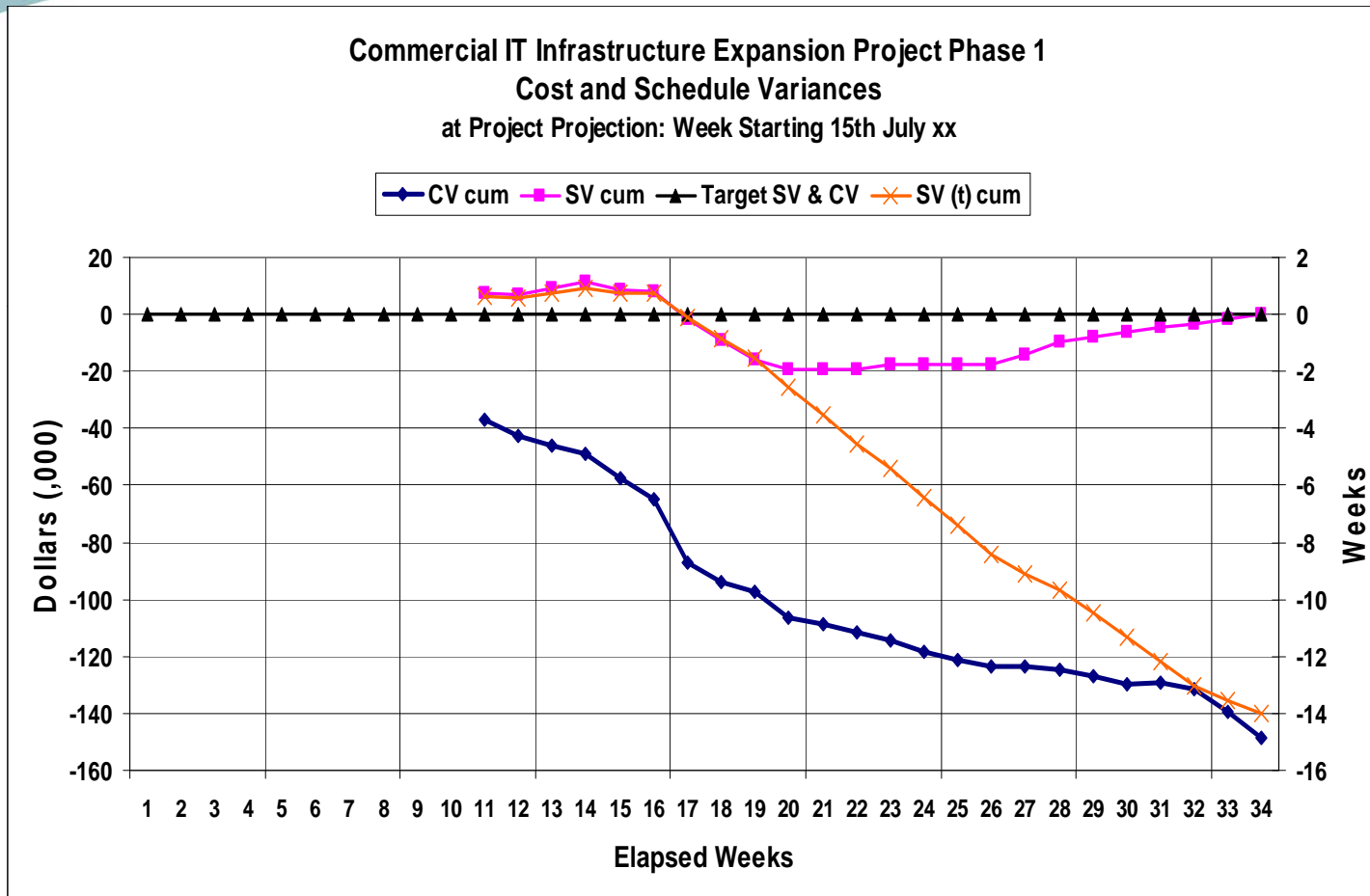
## Benefits of using Earned Schedule (3)

- Earned Schedule works!
- How do we know?
- Evidence from a number of projects
- IEAC(t) & SPI(t) studies by K. Henderson, Dr. Vanhoucke & S. Vandevoorde (2003 – present)
  - Henderson & Vandevoorde validated ES concept with real data
  - Using simulation Vanhoucke & Vandevoorde showed ES to be a better schedule predictor than other EVM-based methods
- *“The results ..confirm ..that the ES method outperforms, on average, the other forecasting methods”* - Vanhoucke & Vandevoorde
- Takes Earned Value Management into a new dimension

# Why use Earned Schedule?

- Schedule Variance (SV) and Schedule Performance Indicator (SPI) behave erratically – especially for projects behind schedule
- SPI improves and concludes at 1.00 at end of project
- Why is this?
- $EV=BAC$  at completion
- $PV=BAC$  at completion
- Hence  $SPI(£)=1$  and  $SV(£) = 0$
- Classical Schedule Variance is measured in money – not time!

# Comparison of Schedule Variances



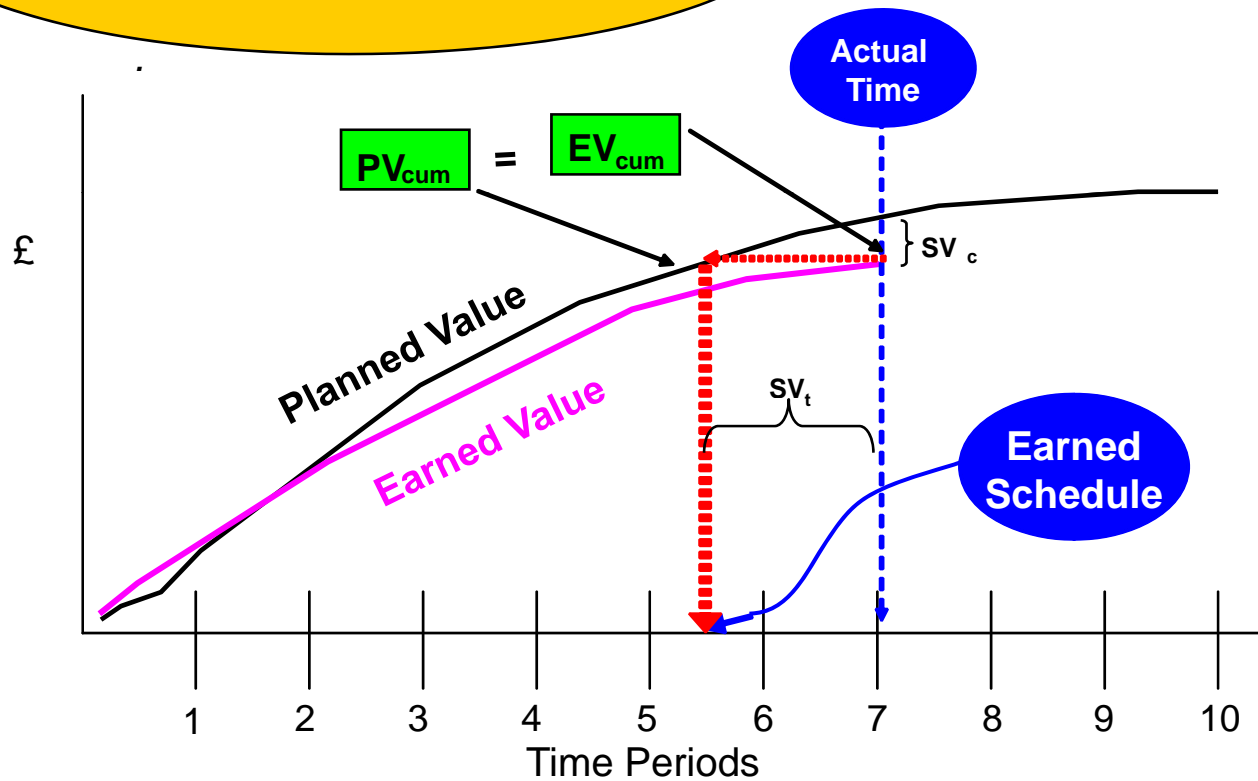
# Earned Schedule Calculation

- **ES (cumulative)** is the:  
Number of complete PV time increments EV equals or exceeds PV + the fraction of the incomplete PV increment
- **ES = C + I** where:  
C = number of time increments for  $EV \geq PV$  ( $BCWP \geq BCWS$ )

$$I = (EV - PV_C) / (PV_{C+1} - PV_C)$$

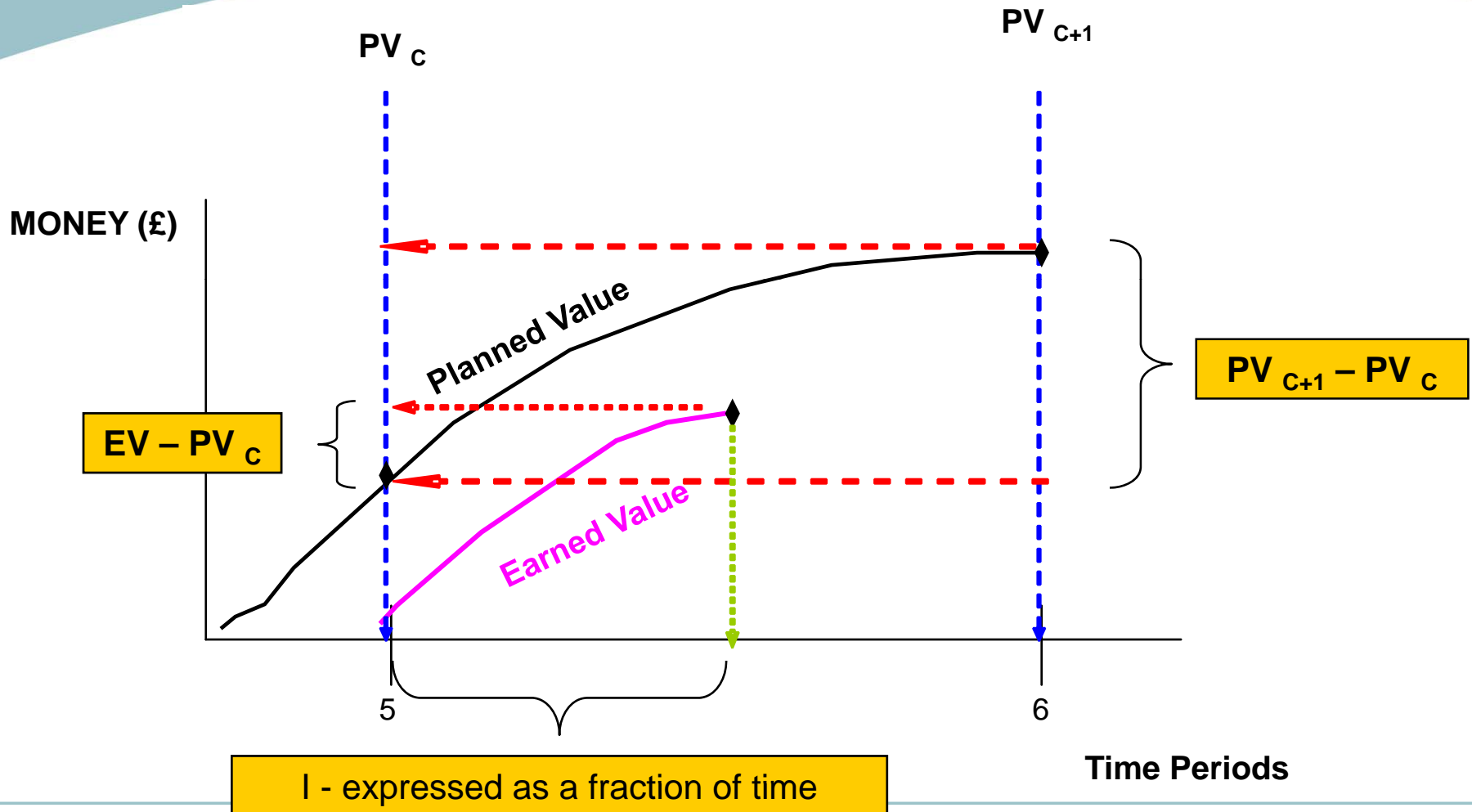
# EVM & ES Duration Forecasting

The ES idea is to determine the time at which the EV accrued should have occurred

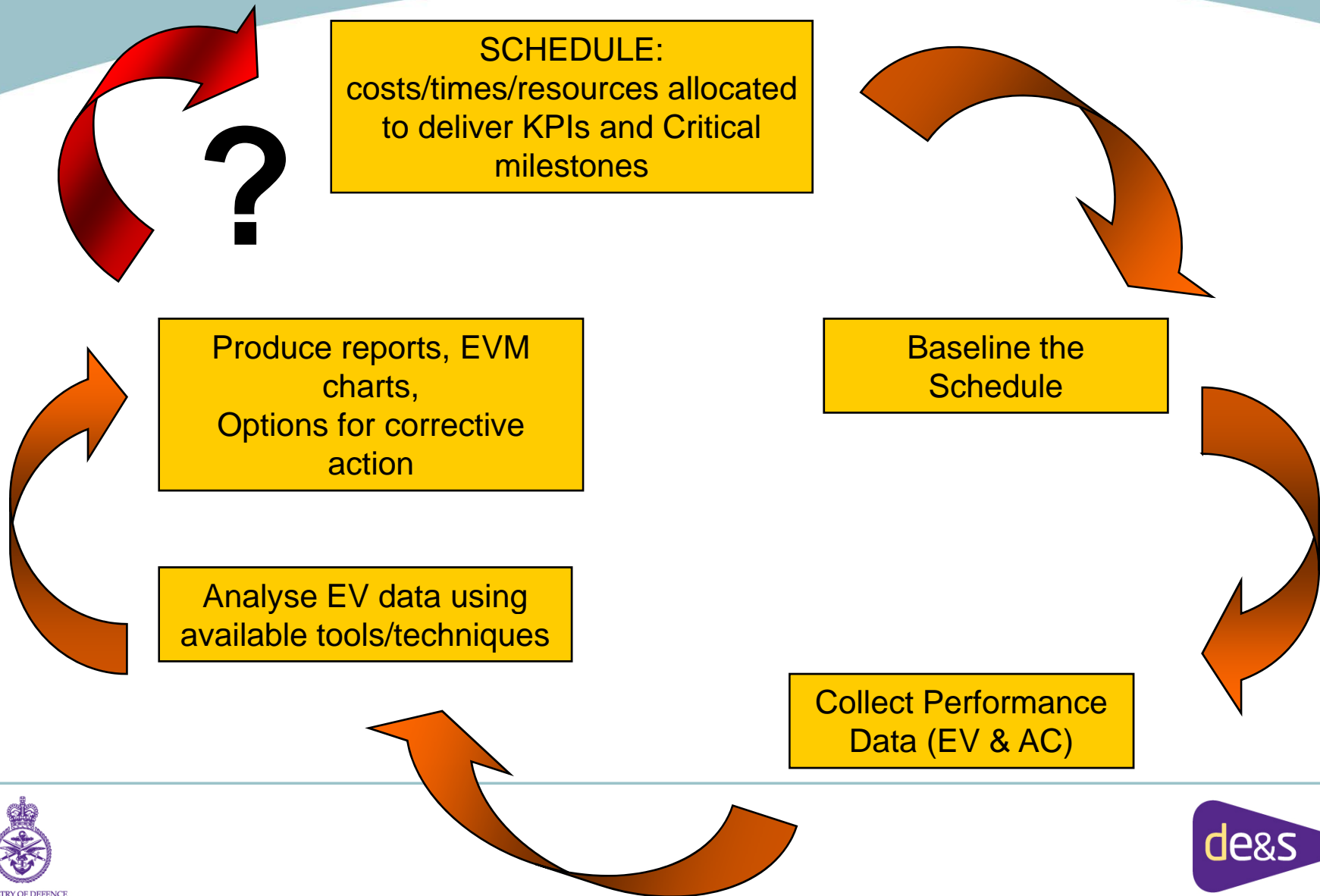


Time based schedule performance efficiency:  $SPI(t) = ES / AT$

# Calculating the Increment I



# EVM and Earned Schedule – the Missing Link



# Calculating Earned Schedule (1)

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1st value EV < PV

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
	BCWPcum	BCWScum	Pc=>Sc	Numerator	Denominator	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
1	0	0											
2	0	0									0		
3	95	105	0	95	105	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	1	-0.0952	-0.0952
4		200	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
5		515	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
6		845	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
7		1175	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
8		1475	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
9		1805	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
10		2135	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
11		2435	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
12		2665	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
13		2760	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
14		2823	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
15			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
16			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
17			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
18			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
19			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
20			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum
21			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum

Denominator is difference between two successive PV data points

Chart1 | EScalc | Project Data | IEAC S Curve | ES & IEAC(t) | ES & IECD | Integrated Schedule Analysis | Std S Curve | CV & SV | CPI & SPI | Critical Path Date | BCWS | ACWP | Instru | NUM

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# Calculating Earned Schedule (2)

180 > 105  
Hence number of periods = 1

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
1	BCWPcum	BCWScum	#Pc=>Sc	Numerator	Denominator	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
2	0	0									0			
3	95	105	0	95	105	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	1	-0.0952	-0.0952	
4	180	200	1	75	95	0.7895	1.7895	0.8847	0.8847	0.8947	2	-0.1153	-0.2105	
5		545	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
6		845	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
7		1175	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
8		1475	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
9		1805	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
10		2135	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
11		2435	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
12		2665	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
13		2760	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
14		2823	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
15			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
16			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
17			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
18			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
19			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
20			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
21			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	



# Calculating Earned Schedule (3)

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Type a question for help

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Reply with Changes... End Review...

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	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
	BCWPcum	BCWScum	# Pc=>Sc	Numerator	Denominator	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
1	0	0										0		
2	95	105	0	95	105	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	1	-0.0952	-0.0952	
3	180	200	1	75	95	0.7895	1.7895	0.8847	0.8847	0.8947	2	-0.1153	-0.2105	
4	470	515	2	270	315	0.8571	2.8571	1.0677	1.0677	0.9524	3	0.0677	-0.1429	
5		845	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
6		1175	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
7		1475	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
8		1805	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
9		2135	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
10		2435	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
11		2665	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
12		2760	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
13		2823	Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
14			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
15			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
16			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
17			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
18			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
19			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
20			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
21			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	

Chart1 | EScalc | Project Data | IEAC S Curve | ES & IEAC(t) | ES & IECD | Integrated Schedule Analysis | Std S Curve | CV & SV | CPI & SPI | Critical Path Date | BCWS | ACWP | Instru

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# Calculating Earned Schedule (4)

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	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
	BCWPcum	BCWScum	#Pc=>Sc	Numerator	Denominator	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
1	0	0									0			
2	95	105	0	95	105	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	1	-0.0952	-0.0952	
3	180	200	1	75	95	0.7895	1.7895	0.8847	0.8847	0.8947	2	-0.1153	-0.2105	
4	470	515	2	270	315	0.8571	2.8571	1.0677	1.0677	0.9524	3	0.0677	-0.1429	
5	770	845	3	255	330	0.7727	3.7727	0.9156	0.9156	0.9432	4	-0.0844	-0.2273	
6	1065	1175	4	220	330	0.6667	4.6667	0.8939	0.8939	0.9333	5	-0.1061	-0.3333	
7	1315	1475	5	140	300	0.4667	5.4667	0.8000	0.8000	0.9111	6	-0.2000	-0.5333	
8	1610	1805	6	135	330	0.4091	6.4091	0.9424	0.9424	0.9156	7	-0.0576	-0.5909	
9	1900	2135	7	95	330	0.2879	7.2879	0.8788	0.8788	0.9110	8	-0.1212	-0.7121	
10	2150	2435	8	15	300	0.0500	8.0500	0.7621	0.7621	0.8944	9	-0.2379	-0.9500	
11	2275	2665	8	140	300	0.4667	8.4667	0.4167	0.4167	0.8467	10	-0.5833	-1.5333	
12	2425	2760	8	290	300	0.9667	8.9667	0.5000	0.5000	0.8152	11	-0.5000	-2.0333	
13	2555	2823	9	120	230	0.5217	9.5217	0.5551	0.5551	0.7935	12	-0.4449	-2.4783	
14	2695		10	30	95	0.3158	10.3158	0.7941	0.7941	0.7935	13	-0.2059	-2.6842	
15	2770		11	10	63	0.1587	11.1587	0.8429	0.8429	0.7971	14	-0.1571	-2.8413	
16	2823		12	0	-2823	0.0000	12.0000	0.8413	0.8413	0.8000	15	-0.1587	-3.0000	
17			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
18			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
19			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
20			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	
21			Pc=>Sc	NUM	DENOM	InterpVal	EScum	ESmo	SPI(t)mo	SPI(t)cum	AT	SV(t)mo	SV(t)cum	

Chart1 | EScalc | Project Data | IEAC S Curve | ES & IEAC(t) | ES & IECD | Integrated Schedule Analysis | Std S Curve | CV & SV | CPI & SPI | Critical Path Date | BCWS | ACWP | Instru

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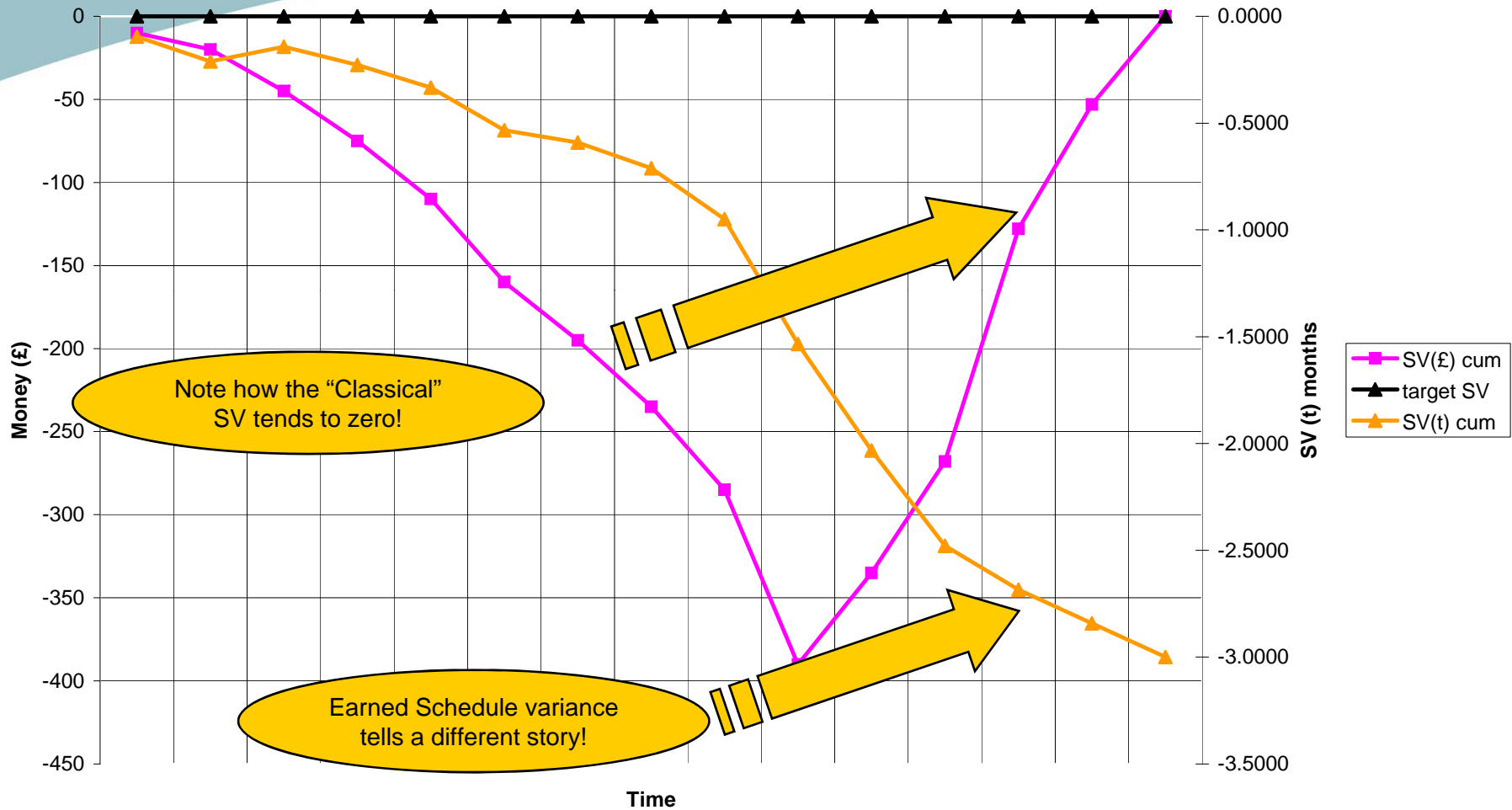
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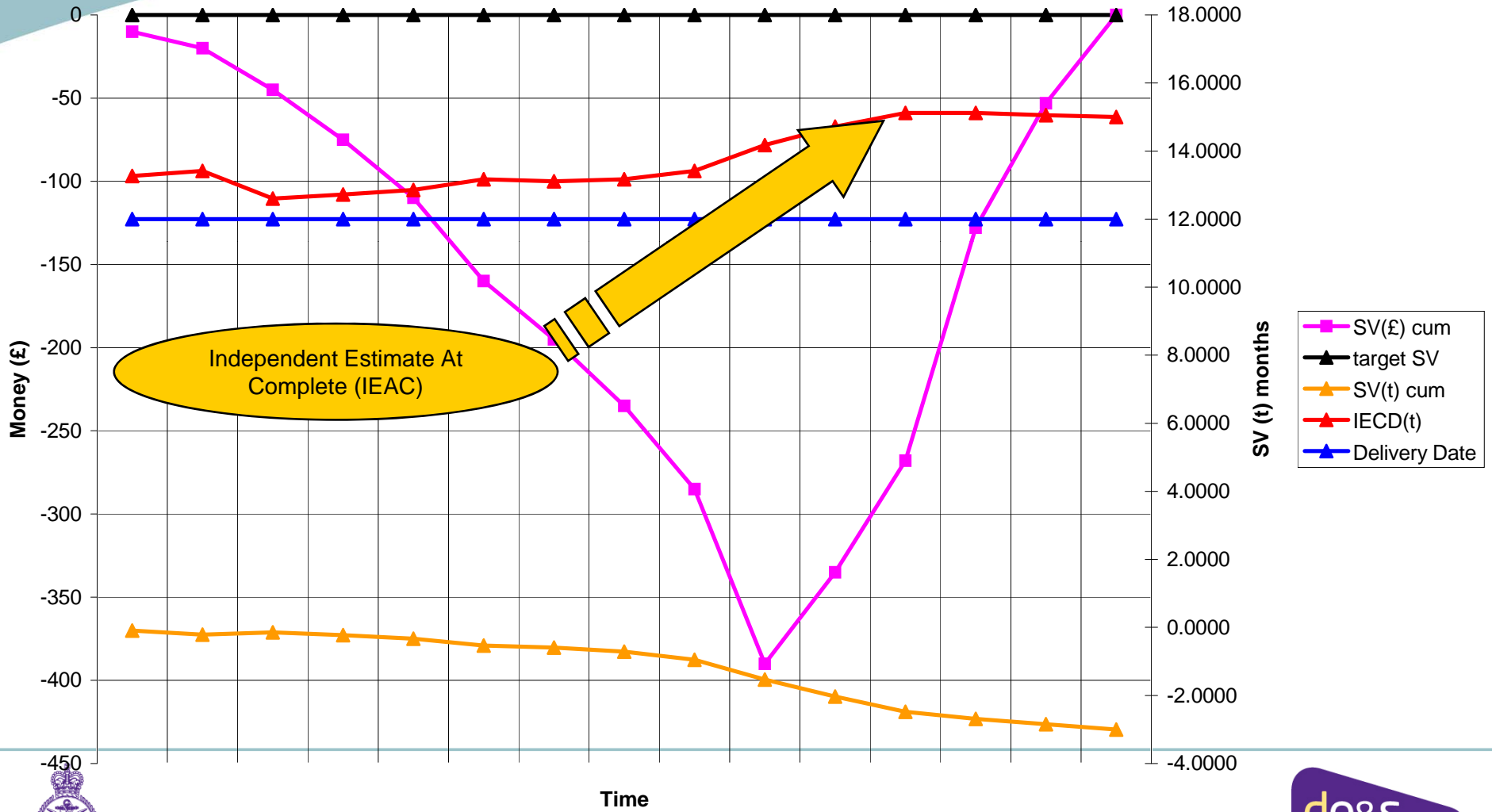
# Variiances – which would you believe?

## Cost & Schedule Variances

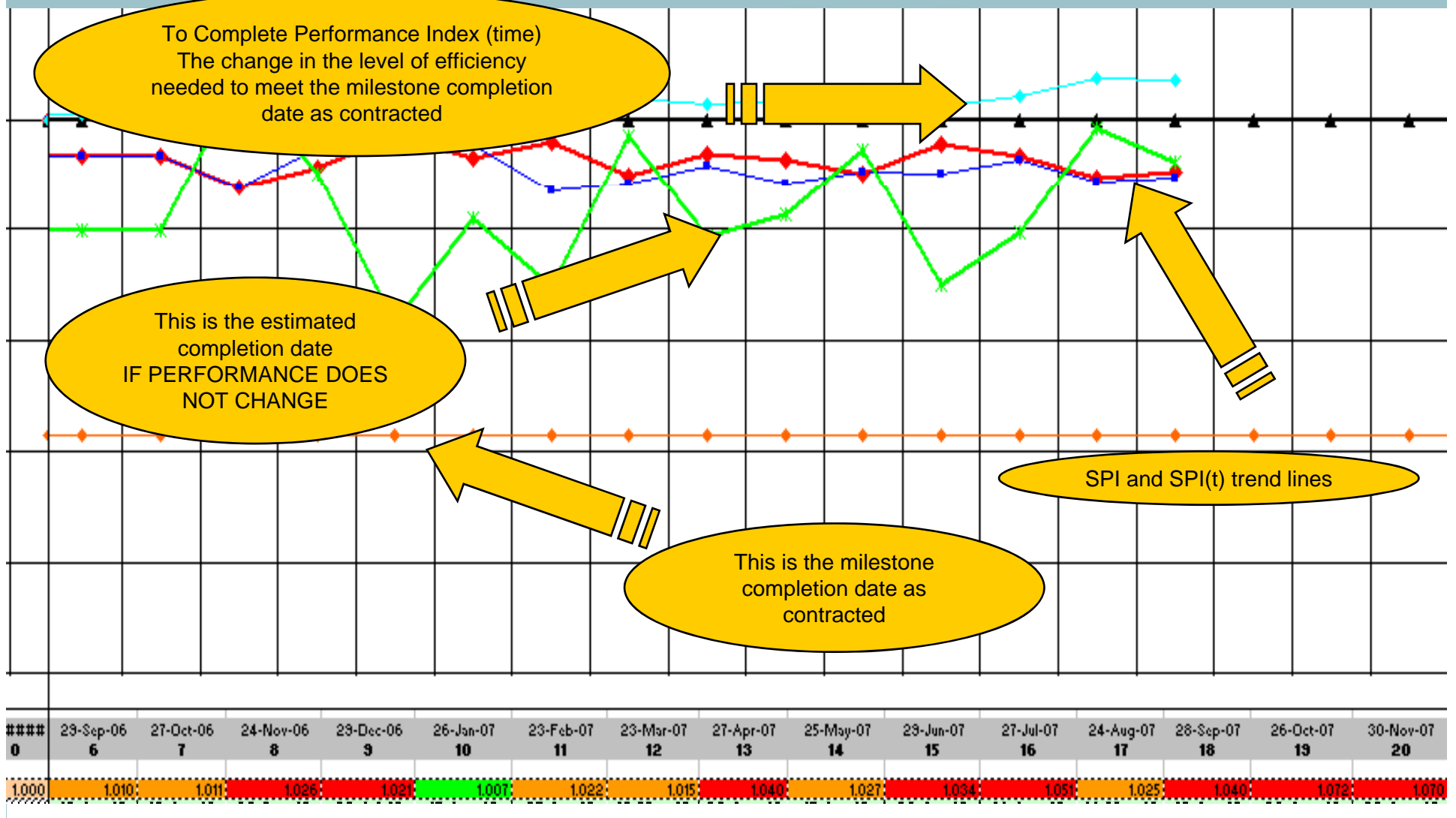


# Variations – which would you believe?

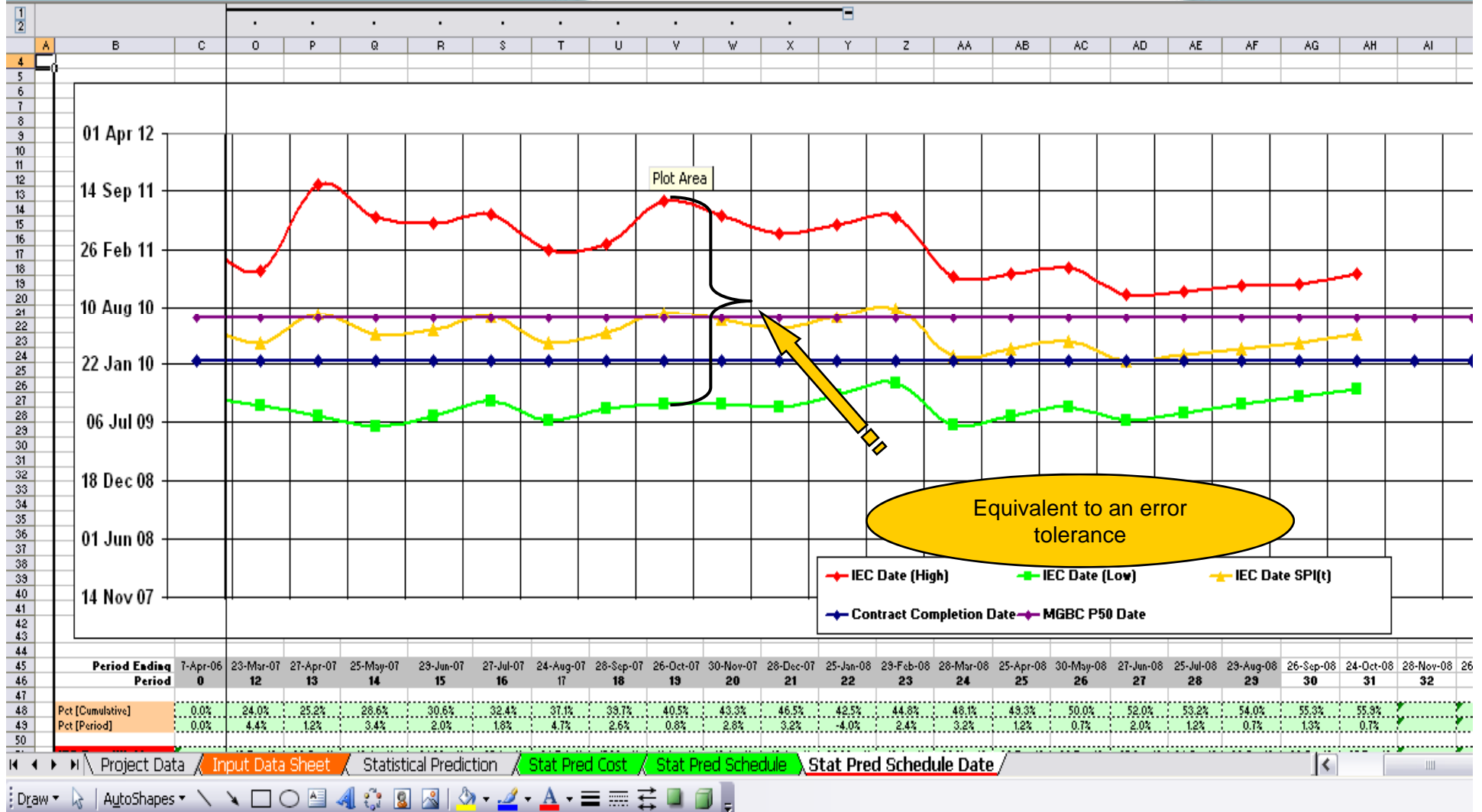
## Cost & Schedule Variances



# Management Portfolio Report



# Prediction of Project Completion (1)



# Use of ES in Operations (1)

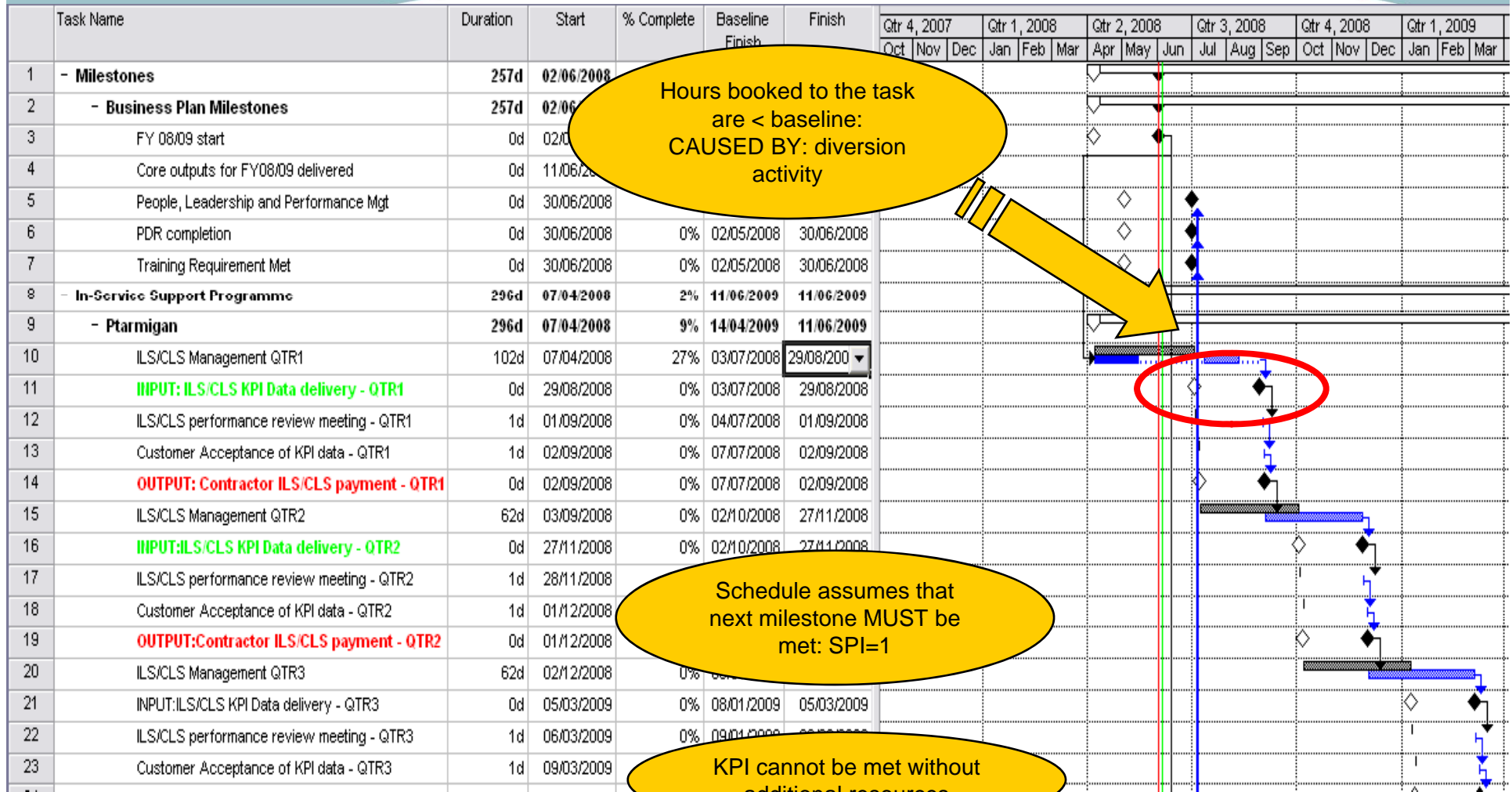
Name	% Complete	Hammock	Duration	Work	Qtr 4, 2007			Qtr 1, 2008			Qtr 2, 2008			Qtr 3, 2008			Qtr 4, 2008			Qtr 1, 2009			Qtr 2, 2009		
					Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
7	Training Requirement Met	0%	No	0d	0h																				
8	- In-Service Support Programme	2%	No	296d	1,164h																				
9	- Ptarmigan	11%	No	256d	0h																				
10	ILS/CLS Management QTR1	45%	No	62d	0h																				
11	INPUT: ILS/CLS KPI Data delivery - QTR1	0%	No	0d	0h																				
12	ILS/CLS performance review meeting - QTR1	0%	No	1d	0h																				
13	Customer Acceptance of KPI data - QTR1	0%	No	1d	0h																				
14	OUTPUT: Contractor ILS/CLS payment - QTR1	0%	No	0d	0h																				
15	ILS/CLS Management QTR2	0%	No	62d	0h																				
16	INPUT: ILS/CLS KPI Data delivery - QTR2	0%	No	0d	0h																				
17	ILS/CLS performance review meeting - QTR2	0%	No	1d	0h																				
18	Customer Acceptance of KPI data - QTR2	0%	No	1d	0h																				
19	OUTPUT: Contractor ILS/CLS payment - QTR2	0%	No	0d	0h																				
20	ILS/CLS Management QTR3	0%	No	62d	0h																				
21	INPUT: ILS/CLS KPI Data delivery - QTR3	0%	No	0d	0h																				
22	ILS/CLS performance review meeting - QTR3	0%	No	1d	0h																				
23	Customer Acceptance of KPI data - QTR3	0%	No	1d	0h																				
24	OUTPUT: Contractor ILS/CLS payment - QTR3	0%	No	0d	0h																				
25	ILS/CLS Management QTR4	0%	No	62d	0h																				
26	INPUT: ILS/CLS KPI Data delivery - QTR4	0%	No	0d	0h																				
27	ILS/CLS performance review meeting - QTR4	0%	No	1d	0h																				
28	Customer Acceptance of KPI data - QTR4	0%	No	1d	0h																				
29	OUTPUT: Contractor ILS/CLS payment - QTR4	0%	No	0d	0h																				
30	+ Gate	0%	No	256d	0h																				

Partially complete activity

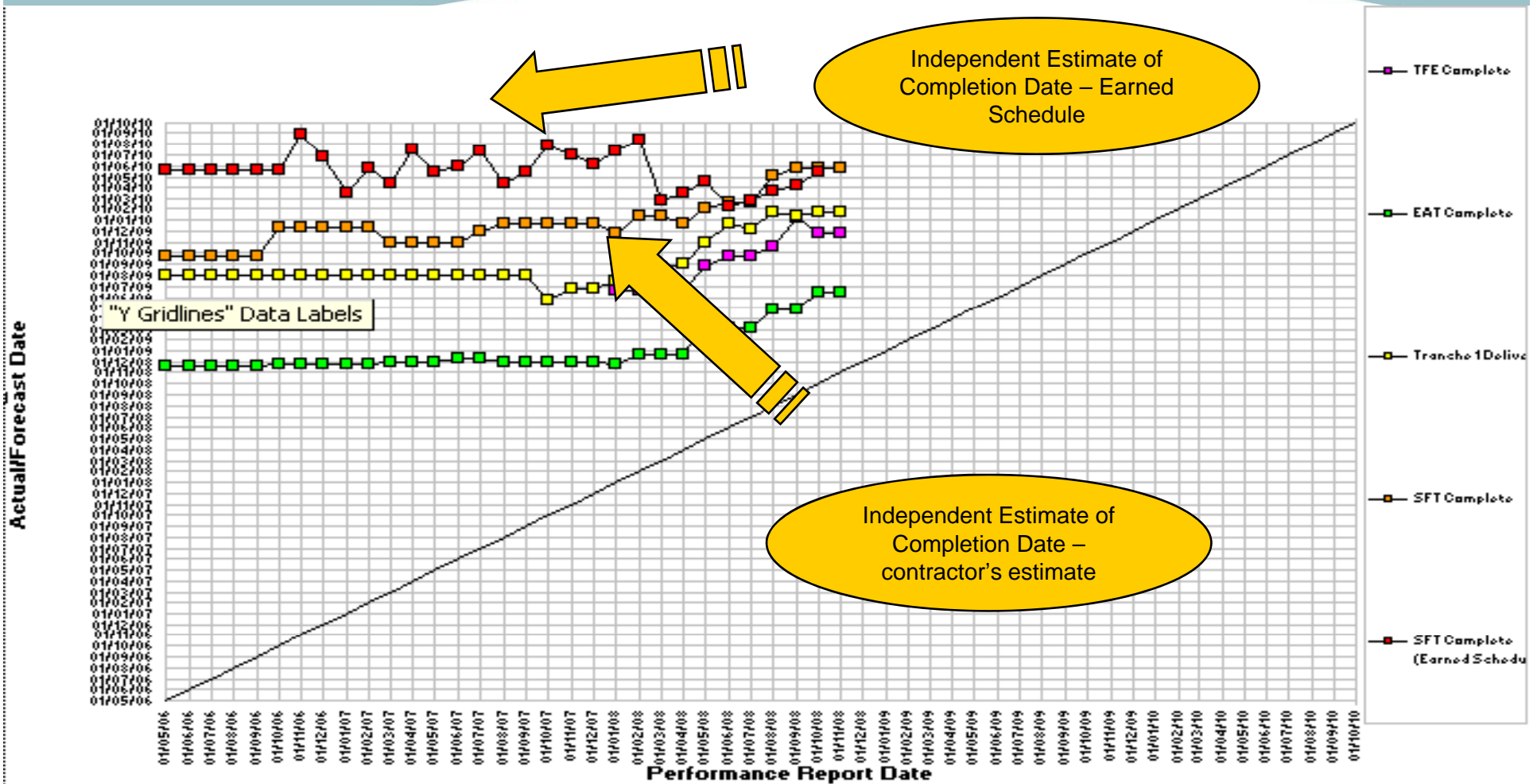
Acceptance of KPI triggers a quarterly payment



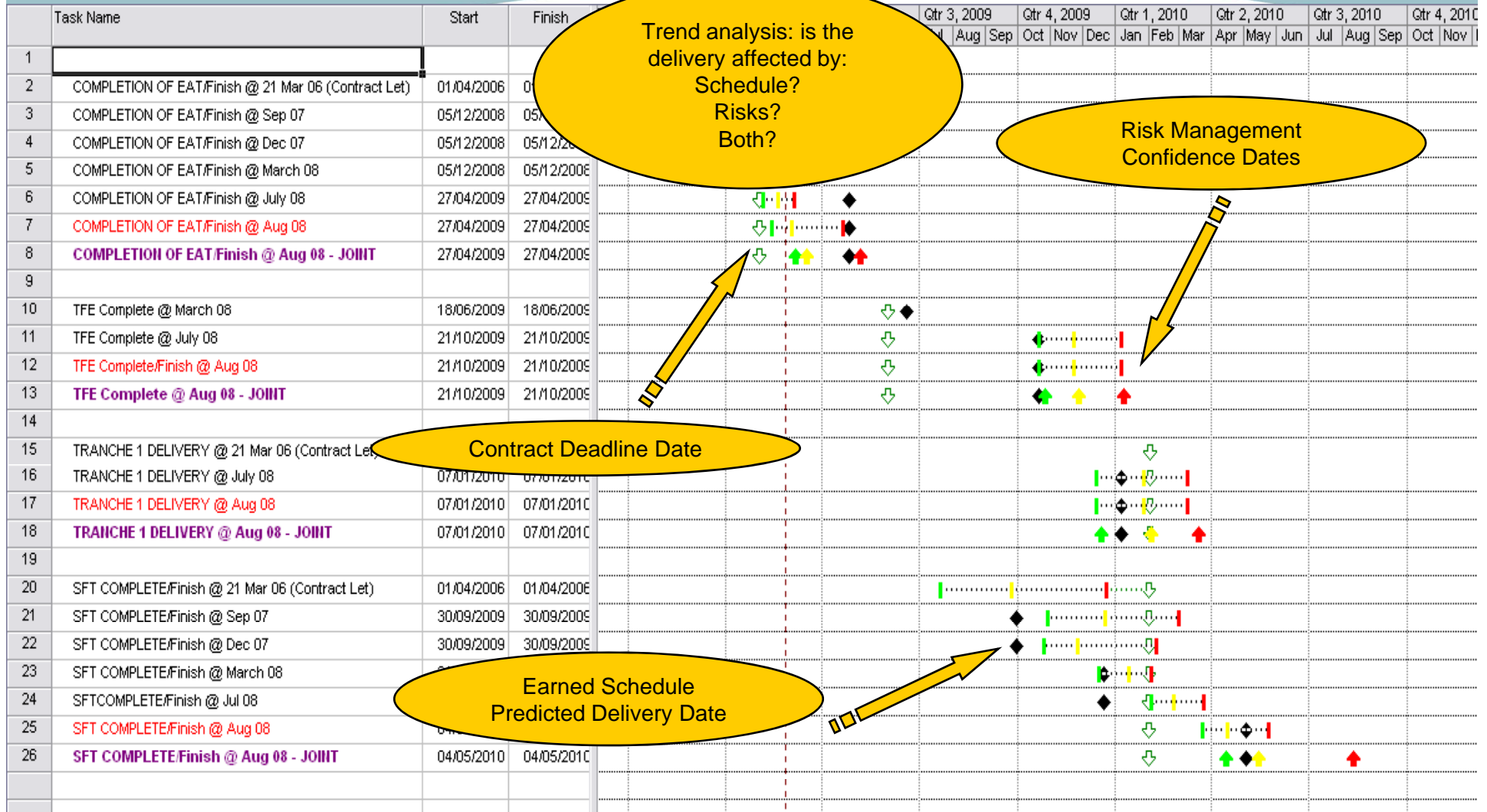
# Use of ES in Operations (2)



# Milestone tracking – seeing is believing!



# Integration of ES, risk and deadlines



Trend analysis: is the delivery affected by:  
Schedule?  
Risks?  
Both?

Risk Management  
Confidence Dates

Contract Deadline Date

Earned Schedule  
Predicted Delivery Date



# Schedule Adherence – are you doing it right?

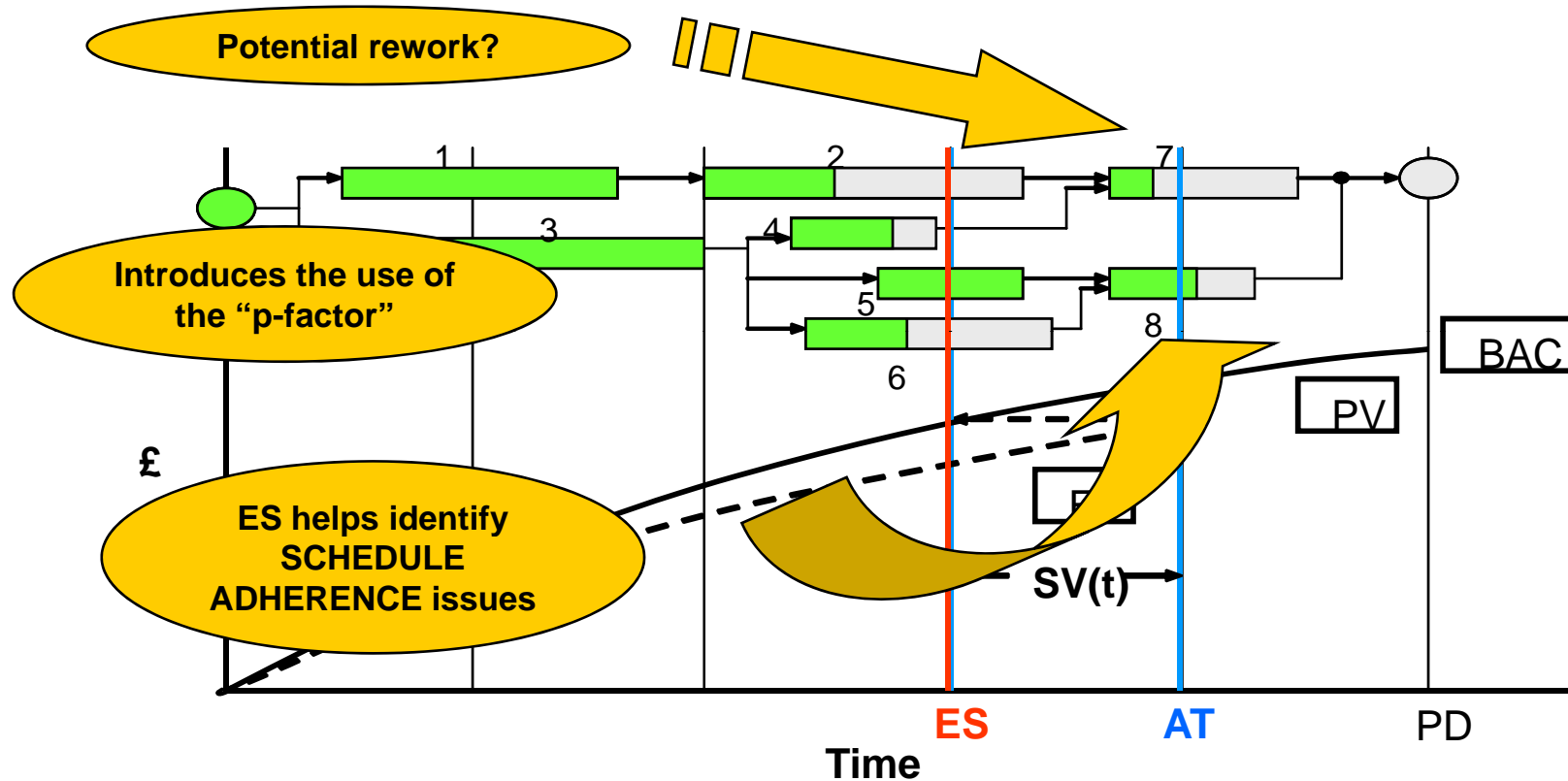
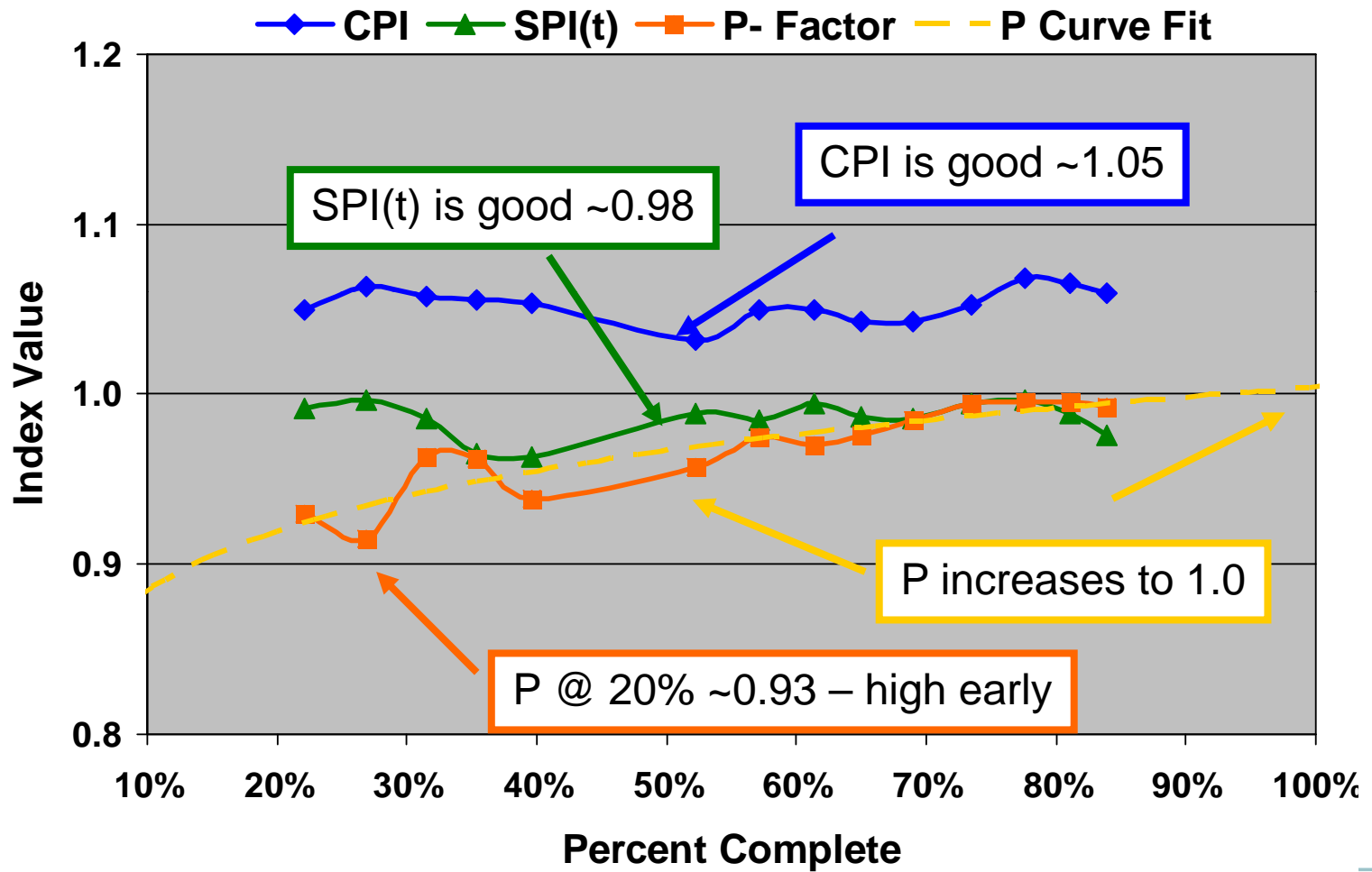


Figure 3. Earned Schedule - *Bridges EVM to Schedule (Actual)*

# Real Data Results



# Thank you to...

- Walt Lipke and Kym Henderson
  - for use of Earned Schedule training material
- Project FALCON and Special Projects Team
  - For use of sanitized data



# Available Resources

- PMI-Sydney <http://sydney.pmichapters-australia.org.au/>
  - Repository for ES Papers and Presentations
- Earned Schedule Website
- <http://www.earnedschedule.com/>
  - Established February 2006
  - Contains News, Papers, Presentations, ES Terminology, ES Calculators
  - Identifies Contacts & Training to assist with application
- Wikipedia references Earned Schedule
- [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Earned\\_Schedule](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Earned_Schedule)

# Earned Schedule References

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- “A Simulation and Evaluation of Earned Value Metrics to Forecast Project Duration,” *Journal of Operations Research Society*, October 2007, Vol 58: 1361-1374 [Vanhoucke & Vandevoorde]
- “Measuring the Accuracy of Earned Value/Earned Schedule Forecasting Predictors,” *The Measurable News*, Winter 2007-2008: 26-30 [Vanhoucke & Vandevoorde]
- Earned Schedule Website: [www.earnedschedule.com](http://www.earnedschedule.com)